

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

STATE RECLAMATION AND MOSQUITO CONTROL BOARD

NORTHEAST MASSACHUSETTS MOSQUITO CONTROL AND WETLANDS MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

118 Tenney Street Georgetown, MA 01833 Phone: (978) 352-2800 www.nemassmosquito.org



Operations

Barry Noone: *District Director* Kimberly A. Foss.: *Entomologist* Robyn A. Januszewski: GIS/*Biologist*

Katelynn E. King: Wetlands Project Coordinator

Commissioners

John W. Morris, CHO: Chair Vincent J. Russo, MD, MPH: Vice Chair Paul Sevigny, RS, CHO Joseph T. Giarrusso, Conservation Officer Rosemary Decie, RS

2022 Best Management Practice Plan Lynnfield

FY23 Percentage of assessment allocated to specific measures as prescribed by individual municipalities Best Management Practice (BMP) in the Town of Lynnfield

NEMMC is requesting a 3% increase above the FY2022 certified assessment for a FY2023 operational budget. During FY2022 the District reorganized allowing more technicians in the field while maintaining our current staffing level. FY2022 allowed the district the opportunity to replace one of our frontline heavy equipment pieces which was 23 years old. Due to ongoing pandemic challenges, the district was unable to make the vehicle purchases it had intended to keep on schedule with our vehicle and equipment replacement plan. Our FY2023 budget addresses funding for staffing changes, allowing for two vehicle replacements, and to adapt with increased costs of materials, energy, fuel, and pesticides. With the region experiencing environmental changes, it remains challenging to plan for a "normal" year of mosquito control. Often dictated by the weather, mosquito populations, additional treatment for viruses and requests from member municipalities, NEMMC will work diligently to deal with exceptional mosquito nuisance and health issues.

Assessment: As estimated by the Massachusetts Department of Revenue, Division of Local Services, in accordance with Chapter 516 of the General Laws of the Commonwealth. The assessment formula is based on a regional concept, which considers square miles and evaluation. The district offers this breakdown as a general guide to how funds are allocated specific to your community.

FY23 Estimated District Budget for the Town of Lynnfield

\$ 46,819.00

FY23 State Reclamation and Mosquito Control Board

\$ 2,006.00

FY23 Total Estimated Assessment for the Town of Lynnfield

\$ 48,825.00

-Committed to the principals of mosquito control and wetland management –

District Control Measures specific to Lynnfield

General Operational Cost Share
Regional Adult Mosquito Surveillance Program
Regional Vector / Virus Intervention
Surveillance
Ground Larviciding
Catch Basin Treatments
Manual Ditch Maintenance
Adulticiding (Resident and/or Board of Health requests)
Barrier Treatment (School officials and/or Board of Health requests)
Ditch Maintenance / Wetlands Management
Ditch Maintenance / Wetlands Management Tire Recycling Program
Tire Recycling Program
Tire Recycling Program Property Inspections
Tire Recycling Program Property Inspections Mosquito Habitat Mitigation
Tire Recycling Program Property Inspections Mosquito Habitat Mitigation Research and Development

NOTE: Any adulticiding, larviciding or treatment of catch basins for mosquito control on public school property requires a current IPM (Integrated Pest Management) Plan. We are often asked by local Boards of Health and/or athletic directors to treat ball fields and/or parks that may be owned/used by the school departments, and without an IPM plan that includes our materials we may not be able to assist.

Board of Health Checklist for 2022

	n annual Board of Health meeting/ presentation with NEMMC te: meetings will only be scheduled between the dates of October 1st - June 1st
_	in information for Municipal Toolbox on NEMMC website or Liaison, Kelsey will e-mail you the password and login (see contact below)
•	ool IPMs to have all current and recently added NEMMC pesticide products cently added pesticide products include Metalarv XRP and Merus 3.0
season	te: scheduled barrier treatments are recommended between July 15th – August 25th
☐ Check with scheduled	Department of Public Works for field access for barrier treatments once
-	IMC with Board of Health contact changes ork phone, cell phone, and email are required of primary and secondary contacts
	trict Phased Response to WNV/EEE Virus Isolations in Integrated Pest and ement Plan (IPVMP)
	s on where to find this information, scheduling, and/or how to complete these tasks, please Board of Health Liaison:
Kelsev Liakos, Bo	ard of Health Liaison

Cell: (978) 992- 6974

Office: (978) 352-2800 Email: Kelsey.liakos@mass.gov

Updated 2022 NEMMC Protocols for District Arboviral Events

Climate change is expected to affect the geographic and seasonal patterns of mosquito-borne diseases in the United States. The northeast is experiencing an increase in precipitation and unusually hot temperatures. Since EEE is more prevalent in wetter years and WNV in hotter years the likeness of the district experiencing EEE and/or WNV events in any given year is possible, in some years both viruses can present substantial risk. The district feels that it is beneficial to our subscribing municipalities to set prevention and response criteria preparing for both mosquito-borne viruses.

District Prevention for WNV and EEE

- Adult mosquito surveillance and DPH virus testing
- Larviciding areas that can promote mosquito breeding including municipal catch basins
- Public notification to use personal protective measures from spring to first hard frost
- Wetlands management and stormwater maintenance
- Property inspections to larvicide standing water and remove containers holding water
- Early barrier treatments for public parks, recreation areas and schools
- Tire disposal program

District Response for WNV and EEE

If risk level increases for municipality but no virus in municipality:

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Recommendation for municipality to complete barrier treatments

If bird biting mosquitoes in municipality test positive for virus:

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Supplemental adult mosquito trapping and additional DPH virus testing in risk areas
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Retreatment of catch basins (if WNV) in focal area
- Retreatment of hummock swamps (if EEE) in focal area

If human biting mosquitoes in municipality test positive for virus:

- Public notification to use personal protective measures Supplemental adult mosquito trapping and additional DPH virus testing in risk areas
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Recommendation for municipality to complete a block adulticide of focal area
- Recommendation for municipality to complete barrier treatments

If mammal or human case of WNV or EEE in municipality:

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Supplemental adult mosquito trapping and additional DPH virus testing in risk areas
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Recommendation for municipality to complete a block adulticide of focal area
- Recommendation for municipality to complete barrier treatments

Summary of NEMMC District Operations Completed in Lynnfield during 2021

Date Activity Completed

Date	Activity Completed
1/11/2021	2021 Integrated Pest and Vector Management Plan published to NEMMC website
2/4/2021	2021 Draft Best Management Plans (BMP) e-mailed to BOH for review
2/9/2021	Residential Pesticide Exclusion Received (2)
4/13/2021	Contacted DPW for catch basin cleaning schedule and treatment notification
4/13/2021	Habitat Site Inspections (4)
4/13/2021	Resident Request Site Inspections (2)- Tree Top Lane, New Meadow Road
4/14/2021	Larviciding- Salem Street, Ceadarwood Road, Wildwood Drive (13.66 lbs. Vectobac-G)
4/14/2021	Habitat Site Inspections (9)
4/15/2021	Larviciding- Salem Street (30.56 lbs. Vectobac-G)
4/15/2021	Habitat Site Inspections (1)
4/28/2021	Resident Request Site Inspections - Main Street
4/28/2021	Larviciding- Beaver Ave, Fletcher Road (4.95 lbs. Vectobac-G)
4/28/2021	Hand Ditch Maintenance- Fletcher Road 150 ft + 1 culverts cleaned
4/28/2021	Habitat Site Inspections (12)
5/5/2021	Residential Pesticide Exclusions Received (2)
5/6/2021	Residential Pesticide Exclusions Received (2)
5/7/2021	Habitat Site Inspections (2)
5/14/2021	Larviciding- Camp Curtis Guild (175 lbs. Fourstar CRG)
5/14/2021	Larviciding- Camp Curtis Guild (101.08 lbs. Fourstar Bti-CRG)
6/1/2021	Residential Pesticide Exclusion Received (1)
6/3/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (4)
6/10/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (7)
6/17/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (8)
6/19/2021	Residential Pesticide Exclusion Received (1)
6/24/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (6)
6/30/2021	(1) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
6/30/2021	Resident Request Site Inspection and Larvicide - Treetop Lane (4.74 lbs. VectoBac G)
7/1/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests (10) Cancelled inclement weather
7/7/2021	(1) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
7/8/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests (8) Cancelled inclement weather
7/15/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (9)
7/20/2021	(2) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
7/22/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (10)
7/23/2021	Resident Request Site Inspections and larvicide - Meservey Lane (1.46 lbs. Vectobac G)
7/28/2021	(3) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- 1 batch WNV positive (Cx. pipiens)
7/28/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (14)

8/3/2021	(6) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
8/4/2021	Catch basin larviciding (1,560 Altosid WSP) + Lynnfield Middle School (5 Altosid WSP)
8/4/2021	Catch basin larviciding - Lynnfield High School (23 MetaLarv XRP)
8/5/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (12)
8/6/2021	Catch basin larviciding (179 Altosid WSP)
8/6/2021	Catch basin larviciding completed in Lynnfield- 1,739 basins and 28 school basins= 1,767
8/10/2021	(4) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
8/12/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (8)
8/17/2021	(3) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
8/18/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (10)
8/24/2021	(4) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
8/26/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (6)
8/26/2021	Notified BOH- WNV risk raised by DPH to MODERATE
8/31/2021	(2) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
9/2/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (6)
9/8/2021	(2) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
9/8/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (7)
9/10/2021	Notified BOH- WNV risk raised by DPH to HIGH
9/14/2021	(3) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
9/16/2021	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (5)
9/20/2021	Pick up greenhead traps for season
9/21/2021	(2) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
9/21/2021	Pick up greenhead traps for season
9/23/2021	Habitat Site Inspections
9/27/2021	BOH Barrier Request completed- New Hall & Jordan Parks, HS, MS, Summer, and Huckleberry Schools (27.0 oz Suspend Polyzone)
9/27/2021	Residential Pesticide Exclusions Received (3)
9/28/2021	(2) Mosquito batch sent to DPH for EEE/WNV testing- Negative
10/1/2021	Adult mosquito surveillance and DPH testing concluded for season
10/6/2021	Resident Request Site Inspections and larvicide - Kings Road (4 tablets Natular DT)
11/16/2021	Hand Ditch Maintenance- Chatham Way 1,030 ft + 5 culverts cleaned
12/23/2021	Hand Ditch Maintenance- Ivanhoe Drive 735 ft + 1 culverts cleaned
12/28/2021	Hand Ditch Maintenance- Beaver Avenue 820 ft + 1 culverts cleaned
12/29/2021	Hand Ditch Maintenance- Perkins Lane 407 ft + 1 culverts cleaned

- 130 Residential adulticide (ULV) service requests
- 1 Board of Health adulticide service requests (combined ULV and barrier treatments)
- 6 Residential Larvicide Service Requests in 2021, up from 0 in 2020
 Informing residents that they can contact the district to inspect for standing water and help identify new breeding areas can help reduce mosquito populations.
- 28 mosquito habitat site inspections

- Catch basin larviciding was completed on 8/6/2021: 1,767 total basins were treated (1,739 municipal + 28 school)
- 11 Residential pesticide exclusions were filed with the district this year from Lynnfield
- 3,142 feet of stormwater ditches and 9 culverts were cleared of debris manually

2021 Lynnfield Mosquito & Arbovirus Surveillance Summary

There was 1 WNV mosquito isolation. There were no EEE mosquito isolations or WNV/EEE human or animal cases in Lynnfield in 2021. At the end of 2021, the arboviral risk level for Lynnfield remained at LOW for EEE and was raised to HIGH for WNV. Risk Categories are described on pages 13, 22, 25 of the 2021 Massachusetts State Arbovirus Surveillance and Response Plan.

Massachusetts DPH assesses arboviral risk levels based on many factors including but not limited to mosquito isolations, locations of acquired veterinary and human infections, virus history locally and in bordering states, weather conditions present and predictions, and current mosquito populations and future trends.

• 35 mosquito pools/batches from historic traps were sent from Lynnfield to the MDPH lab for testing in 2021. 1 batch of *Cx. pipiens* tested positive for WNV on 7/26. No mosquito batches tested positive for EEE.

Mosquito virus isolation history (WNV/EEE) in Lynnfield:

Collection Date	Species	Test Type	Result
7/26/2021	Culex pipiens	WNV	Positive
7/17/2018	Culex pipiens/restuans complex	WNV	Positive
8/05/2013	Culex pipiens/restuans complex	WNV	Positive
8/14/2013	<u>Culiseta melanura</u>	WNV	Positive
8/21/2013	<u>Culiseta melanura</u>	WNV	Positive
9/17/2013	<u>Culiseta melanura</u>	WNV	Positive
10/04/2013	Culex pipiens/restuans complex	WNV	Positive
8/13/2012	<u>Culiseta melanura</u>	EEE	Positive
8/13/2012	<u>Culex salinarius</u>	EEE	Positive

Total Mosquito Collected in Lynnfield	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>%</u> Change
Resting Boxes (16)- Bird feeders/EEE primary vectors	14	83	493%
CDC CO2/Light Traps (1) - Mammal feeders/bridge vectors	472	1,409	199%
Gravid Traps (1)- Bird feeders/WNV primary vectors	92	167	82%
Totals	578	1,659	187%

Mosquito Species- pest/disease list- Lynnfield	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	% Change	WNV/EEE +	District Total % Change 2020 to 2021
Culiseta melanura (red maple swamp/acid bog)	8	4	-50%	NO	11%
Culex pipiens (container/catch basins/heavy organics)	80	134	68%	WNV	64%
Culex restuans (container/catch basins)	11	12	9%	NO	75%
Culex salinarius (brackish water/phragmites/roadside ditches)	13	281	2062%	NO	747%
Coquillitidia perturbans (cattail)	451	753	67%	NO	-20%
Aedes vexans (rainwater/fresh floodwater)	6	307	5017%	NO	1781%
Aedes japonicus (tree hole/container breeder)	1	8	700%	NO	52%
Aedes sollicitans (salt marsh)	0	0	-	NO	824%
Aedes cantator (salt marsh)	0	0	-	NO	266%
Aedes canadensis (snowmelt/woodland pool)	1	15	1400%	NO	588%

Red denotes there were positive mosquito batches in the total collections during 2021

WNV/EEE bridge vectors/mammal and bird biters

Excessive and prolonged rain events during 2021 caused these species to increase district-wide, there was also an increase in Ae. vexans, Ae. canadensis and Cs. salinarius in Lynnfield by 2,915%. The cattail species Cq. perturbans have still not recovered from the drought conditions of 2020 and populations continued to decrease district wide. In Lynnfield, however, Cq. perturbans increased by 67% in 2021. Informing residents that they can contact the district to inspect for standing water and help identify new breeding areas can also reduce these populations.

WNV primary vectors/bird biters (*Cx. pipiens/restuans*)

• There was an 60% increase in collections of WNV primary vectors from 2020 to 2021 in Lynnfield. There was 1 positive WNV batch of *Cx. pipiens* collected early in the season from Lynnfield this year. Timely catch basin cleaning and treatments helped keep *Culex* mosquito populations in check. <u>Informing residents that they can contact the district to inspect for standing water and help identify new breeding areas can also reduce these populations.</u>

EEE primary vectors/bird biters (*Cs. melanura*)

• While 2019 was an unprecedented year for EEE statewide, due to early and sustained drought conditions and anticipatory targeted larviciding activities in the Northeast during 2020 the district saw an 81% decrease in Cs. melanura populations from 2019. In 2021 the average precipitation increased, and the district saw a slight 11% increase from 2020. However, there remains a decrease of 48% from the 10-year mean and 50% from the 5-year. It will take several years for these populations to recover from the droughts. Lynnfield also showed a decrease of 50% since 2020. 1 batch of Cs. melanura tested positive for WNV in Boxford during 2021. There were no EEE isolates in this species during 2021.

Pest Status salt marsh mosquitoes/mammal biters (*Ae. sollicitans*)

• Ae. sollicitans, a summer-fall salt marsh species, decreased by 824% district-wide. However, despite consistent larviciding and adulticiding, tides, high temperatures, prevailing wind direction, frequent rain and heavy thunderstorm activity caused this mosquito species to become a serious weekly nuisance for the district and its residents throughout 2021 even into some inland areas.

2022 Best Management Practice Plan: Lynnfield

With the extensive forested wetlands in Lynnfield, urban centers of the surrounding communities, and WNV/EEE history, there will always be concern for transmission and human infection from both viruses. From July to the first hard frost, residents should take necessary precautions to reduce the risk of infection from these viruses, regardless of low mosquito populations and/or aggressiveness of control.

<u>A hard, or killing frost</u>, is defined meteorologically as two consecutive hours of temperatures below 28 degrees Fahrenheit or three hours below 32 degrees. This will occur at different times for different communities, and there may even be variation within communities based on local geography. Although mosquitoes are not killed until a hard frost occurs, they are extremely unlikely to be active when temperatures fall below 50 degrees in the evening (Page 15 of the 2021 MA Arbovirus Plan listed below).

Refer to the 2021 Massachusetts State Arbovirus Surveillance and Response Plan viewed online at: https://www.mass.gov/lists/arbovirus-surveillance-plan-and-historical-data