



Commonwealth of Massachusetts
STATE RECLAMATION AND MOSQUITO CONTROL BOARD

**NORTHEAST MASSACHUSETTS MOSQUITO CONTROL
AND WETLANDS MANAGEMENT DISTRICT**
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Operations

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Commissioners

John W. Morris, CHO: *Chair*
Vincent J. Russo, MD, MPH: *Vice Chair*
Paul Sevigny, RS, CHO
Joseph T. Giarrusso, Conservation Officer
Rosemary Decie, RS

**2024 Best Management Practice Plan
Georgetown**

**FY25 Percentage of assessment allocated to specific measures as prescribed by individual municipalities
Best Management Practice (BMP) in the Town of Georgetown**

NEMMC is requesting a 4% increase above the FY24 certified assessment for the FY25 operational budget. During FY24 the District reorganized allowing more technicians in the field, we anticipate being at full staff this year. FY24 allowed the opportunity to replace one of our frontline heavy equipment pieces a Freightliner Equipment Hauler. The district was finally able to place an order for two front line replacement trucks. Our FY25 budget addresses funding for regional aerial larviciding treatments. Aerial larviciding cost has increased significantly over the past two years, NEMMC plans accordingly for these increases. The FY25 budget includes the increased costs of materials, energy, fuel, pesticides, full staffing and contributing to capital expenses. NEMMC's facility lease expires in FY25 where we will be responsible for portions of EV infrastructure as well as State mandated EV First policy coming with a substantial cost increase when replacing vehicles. Regional environmental changes remain challenging to plan for a "normal" year of mosquito control. Often dictated by the weather, mosquito populations, additional treatment for viruses and requests from member municipalities, NEMMC will work diligently to deal with exceptional mosquito nuisance and health issues.

Assessment: As estimated by the Massachusetts Department of Revenue, Division of Local Services, in accordance with Chapter 516 of the General Laws of the Commonwealth. The assessment formula is based on a regional concept, which considers square miles and evaluation. The district offers this breakdown as a general guide to how funds are allocated specific to your community.

FY25 Estimated District Budget for the Town of Georgetown	\$ 51,165.00
FY25 State Reclamation and Mosquito Control Board	\$ 2,062.00
FY25 Total Estimated Assessment for the Town of Georgetown	\$ 53,227.00

District Control Measures specific to Georgetown

General Operational Cost Share

Regional Adult Mosquito Surveillance Program

Regional Vector / Virus Intervention

Surveillance

Ground Larviciding

Catch Basin Treatments

Manual Ditch Maintenance

Adulticiding **(Resident and/or Board of Health requests)**

Barrier Treatment **(School officials and/or Board of Health requests)**

Ditch Maintenance / Wetlands Management

Tire Recycling Program

Property Inspections

Mosquito Habitat Mitigation

Research and Development

Education and Outreach

Social Media

NOTE: Any adulticiding, larviciding or treatment of catch basins for mosquito control on public school property requires a current IPM (Integrated Pest Management) Plan. We are often asked by local Boards of Health and/or athletic directors to treat ball fields and/or parks that may be owned/used by the school departments, and without an IPM plan that includes our materials we may not be able to assist.

BMP Reminders for 2024

☐ **Schedule an annual Board of Health meeting/ presentation with NEMMC**

*Meetings will only be scheduled between the dates of October 1st - June 1st

☐ **Notify NEMMC with Health Department /Board of Health contact changes**

*Work phone, cell phone, and email are required of primary and secondary contacts.

☐ **Review District Phased Response to WNV/EEE Virus Isolations in Integrated Pest and Vector Management Plan (IPVMP)**

☐ **Review login information for Municipal Toolbox on NEMMC website**

*Our Liaison will e-mail you the password and login (see contact below)

*At the recommendation of NEMMC or request from Health Department/Board of Health, NEMMC will coordinate with schools, parks, and/or public areas for scheduling barrier treatments/adulticiding and confirm access to these areas. NEMMC will provide Standard Written Notification to be distributed.

*Scheduled barrier treatments are recommended between July 15th – August 25th

As a reminder school IPM Coordinators should be kept up to date. NEMMC will alert IMP Coordinators with any pesticide product changes/additions.

For any questions on where to find this information, scheduling, and/or how to complete these tasks, please reach out to our Board of Health Liaison:

Jennifer Sforza/Board of Health Liaison

Cell: (978) 971-7689

Office: (978) 352- 2800

Email: Jennifer.Sforza@mass.gov

2024 NEMMC Protocols for District Arboviral Events

Climate change is expected to affect the geographic and seasonal patterns of mosquito-borne diseases in the United States. The northeast is experiencing an increase in precipitation and unusually hot temperatures. Since EEE is more prevalent in wetter years and WNV in hotter years the likeness of the district experiencing EEE and/or WNV events in any given year is possible, in some years both viruses can present substantial risk. The district feels that it is beneficial to our subscribing municipalities to set prevention and response criteria preparing for both mosquito-borne viruses.

District Prevention for WNV and EEE

- Adult mosquito surveillance and DPH virus testing
- Larviciding areas that can promote mosquito breeding including municipal catch basins
- Public notification to use personal protective measures from spring to first hard frost
- Wetlands management and stormwater maintenance
- Property inspections to larvicide standing water and remove containers holding water
- Early barrier treatments for public parks, recreation areas and schools
- Tire disposal program

District Response for WNV and EEE

If risk level increases for municipality but no virus in municipality:

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Recommendation for municipality to complete barrier treatments

If bird biting mosquitoes in municipality test positive for virus:

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Supplemental adult mosquito trapping and additional DPH virus testing in risk areas
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Retreatment of catch basins (if WNV) in focal area
- Retreatment of hummock swamps (if EEE) in focal area

If human biting mosquitoes in municipality test positive for virus:

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Supplemental adult mosquito trapping and additional DPH virus testing in risk areas
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Recommendation for municipality to complete a block adulticide of focal area
- Recommendation for municipality to complete barrier treatments

If mammal or human case of WNV or EEE in municipality:

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Supplemental adult mosquito trapping and additional DPH virus testing in risk areas
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Recommendation for municipality to complete a block adulticide of focal area
- Recommendation for municipality to complete barrier treatments

Summary of NEMMC District Operations Completed in Georgetown during 2023

Date	Activity Completed
1/9/2023	Collected and disposed of 47 tires collected on Elm Street (resident request)
2/10/2023	Hand Ditch Maintenance- Baldpate Road 235 ft + 1 culvert
2/23/2023	Residential Pesticide Exclusion Received (1)
3/2/2023	2023 Draft Best Management Plans (BMP) e-mailed to BOH for review, IPVMP mailed to BOH
3/2/2023	2023 Integrated Pest and Vector Management Plan published to NEMMC website
3/24/2023	Collected and disposed of 2 tires collected on Thurlow Street
4/6/2023	Habitat Inspections (5)
4/7/2023	Larviciding- Bailey Lane, Carlton Drive (16.0 lbs Vectobac-G)
4/7/2023	Habitat Inspections (10)
4/19/2023	Resident request site inspection (1) Baily Lane
4/19/2023	Habitat Inspections (2)
4/25/2023	Habitat Inspections (10)
4/28/2023	Larviciding- Jewett Street (48.50 lbs Vectobac-G)
4/28/2023	Habitat Inspections (1)
5/3/2023	NEMMC Virtual Town Hall BOH District-wide meeting
5/8/2023	Adult mosquito surveillance traps set out
5/11/2023	Residential Pesticide Exclusion Received (1)
5/15/2023	Adult mosquito surveillance starts for the season
6/1/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (8)
6/6/2023	Resident request site inspections (3) Jewett St, Spofford St, Pingree Farm Rd
6/7/2023	Catch basin larviciding (240 VectoMax WSP)
6/8/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (14)
6/8/2023	Catch basin larviciding (707 VectoMax WSP)
6/9/2023	Catch basin larviciding (338 VectoMax WSP) + Georgetown MS/HS (7 VectoMax WSP)
6/9/2023	Catch Basin larviciding- Pentucket Workshop Preschool, Perley ES, Penn Brook (14 Fourstar 90-day)
6/13/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 1 batch NEGATIVE
6/15/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (10)
6/16/2023	Catch basins in Georgetown completed- 1,285 municipal basins + 21 School basins= 1,306 total
6/22/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (8)
6/27/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 1 batch NEGATIVE
6/29/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (11)
7/6/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (13)
7/8/2023	Collected and disposed of 13 tires collected on Nelson Street (resident request)
7/11/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 1 batch NEGATIVE
7/13/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (16)
7/13/2023	Resident request site inspection (1) Taylor Street
7/17/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 2 batches NEGATIVE
7/20/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (15)

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7/20/2023	Residential Pesticide Exclusion Received (1)
7/24/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 1 batch NEGATIVE
7/27/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (16) - (Cancelled due to inclement weather)
8/1/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 2 batches NEGATIVE
8/3/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (18)
8/8/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 4 batches NEGATIVE
8/10/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (14)
8/14/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 3 batches NEGATIVE
8/17/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (15)
8/22/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 4 batches NEGATIVE
8/24/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (16)
8/24/2023	Resident request site inspection and Larvicide (1) - Nelson Street (2.08 lbs Vectobac G)
8/29/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 3 batches NEGATIVE
8/31/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (15)
9/6/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 1 batch NEGATIVE
9/7/2023	Residential Adulticiding Requests completed (12)
9/13/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 1 batches NEGATIVE
9/19/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 2 batches NEGATIVE
9/27/2023	Mosquito batches to PHL - 2 batches NEGATIVE
9/27/2023	Resident request site inspection and Larvicide (1) - Whiffletree Lane (1.31 lbs Vectobac G)
12/8/2023	Collected and disposed of 2 tires from Tenney Street

- **201 Resident ULV Adulticide Service Requests in 2021, down from 207 in 2022**
- **8 Resident Inspection/Larvicide Service Request in 2020, up from 6 in 2022**
Informing residents that they can contact the district to inspect for standing water and help identify new breeding areas can help reduce mosquito populations.
- **28 mosquito habitat site inspections**
- **Catch basin larviciding was completed on 6/16/2023: 1,306 total basins were treated (1,285 municipal + 21 school)**
- **3 Residential pesticide exclusions were filed with the district this year from Georgetown, down from 5 in 2022.**
- **235 feet of stormwater ditches and 1 culvert was cleared of debris.**
- **64 tires were collected for disposal.**

2023 Georgetown Mosquito & Arbovirus Surveillance Summary

There were no WNV/EEE mosquito isolations, human, or animal cases in Georgetown in 2022. At the end of 2022, the arboviral risk level for Georgetown remained at LOW for EEE and LOW for WNV. Risk Categories are described on pages 13, 22, 25 of the 2022 Massachusetts State Arbovirus Surveillance and Response Plan.

Massachusetts DPH assesses arboviral risk levels based on many factors including but not limited to mosquito isolations, locations of acquired veterinary and human infections, virus history locally and in bordering states, weather conditions present and predictions, and current mosquito populations and future trends.

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State arbovirus risk updates: <https://www.mass.gov/info-details/massachusetts-arbovirus-update#risk-maps->

- 28 mosquito pools/batches were sent from Georgetown to the MDPH lab for testing in 2023, all batches tested negative for EEE/WNV.

Mosquito infection history (WNV/EEE) in Georgetown:

Collection Date	Species	Test Type	Result
9/5/2017	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	WNV	Positive
8/27/2013	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	WNV	Positive
9/02/2013	<i>Culex pipiens/restuans</i> complex	WNV	Positive
9/07/2011	<i>Culex pipiens/restuans</i> complex	WNV	Positive
9/12/2011	<i>Culex pipiens/restuans</i> complex	WNV	Positive
8/31/2005	<i>Culex pipiens/restuans</i> complex	EEE	Positive

Total Mosquito Collected in Georgetown	2022	2023	% Change
Resting Boxes (8)- EEE primary vectors	128	213	66%
CDC CO2/Light Traps (1) - Mammal feeders/bridge vectors	327	1,568	380%
Gravid Traps (1)- WNV primary vectors	79	72	-9%
Totals	534	1,853	247%

Mosquito Species- pest/disease list- Georgetown	2022	2023	% Change	WNV/EEE +	District Total % Change 2022 to 2023
<i>Culiseta melanura</i> (red maple swamp/acid bog)	35	63	80%	NO	5%
<i>Culex pipiens</i> (container/catch basins/heavy organics)	17	14	-18%	NO	64%
<i>Culex restuans</i> (container/catch basins)	7	13	86%	NO	359%
<i>Culex salinarius</i> (brackish water/phragmites/roadside ditches)	3	638	21167%	NO	11154%
<i>Coquillitidia perturbans</i> (cattail)	217	463	113%	NO	-40%
<i>Aedes vexans</i> (rainwater/fresh floodwater)	45	117	160%	NO	2256%
<i>Aedes japonicus</i> (tree hole/container breeder)	35	29	-17%	NO	1233%
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i> (salt marsh)	1	0	-100%	NO	-39%
<i>Aedes cantator</i> (salt marsh)	24	69	188%	NO	89%
<i>Aedes canadensis</i> (snowmelt/woodland pool)	1	50	4900%	NO	287%

WNV/EEE bridge vectors/human biters

- Due to historic precipitation during 2023, there was an increase in Georgetown in the fresh floodwater species *Ae. vexans*, *Ae. canadensis* and *Cx. salinarius*, a brackish water mosquito which also relies on seasonal precipitation. Although the cattail species *Cq. perturbans* populations did not fully recover due to multiple years of drought, the species showed a slight population increase in Amesbury of 113% during 2023. There were no WNV or EEE isolates in these bridge vector species during 2023. Informing

residents that they can contact the district to inspect for standing water and help identify new breeding areas can also reduce these populations.

WNV primary vectors/bird biters (*Cx. pipiens/restuans*)

- There was a 13% increase in collections of WNV primary vectors from 2022 to 2023 in Georgetown. There is usually an increase in these vector species during hot dry years in container habitats. However, the precipitation received this year left quite a bit of stagnant water on grassy lawns which made perfect additional habitats for *Culex*. Timely catch basin cleaning and treatments and increased floodwater treatments helped keep *Culex* larval populations in check. 6 batches of *Culex* tested positive for WNV in 2023 with all isolations identified west of the I-95 corridor (Middleton, Haverhill, Lawrence, Andover). There were no EEE isolates in these species during 2023. Informing residents that they can contact the district to inspect for standing water and help identify new breeding areas can also reduce these populations.

EEE primary vectors/bird biters (*Cs. melanura*)

- While 2019 was an unprecedented year for EEE statewide, due to early and sustained drought conditions and anticipatory targeted larviciding activities in the Northeast from 2020 through 2022. In the 2022 the district saw a 30% decrease in *Cs. melanura* populations from 2021. During 2023 the replenishment of groundwater needed for this species to propagate caused a 5% increase from 2022 populations. Even with the excessive rainfall this year, it will take several years for *Cs. melanura* populations to recover from the drought years. There were no WNV or EEE isolates in this species during 2023. Georgetown observed an 80% increase in *melanura* during 2023, however this increase remains below the normal seasonal average.

Pest Status salt marsh mosquitoes (*Ae. sollicitans*)

- *Ae. sollicitans*, a summer-fall salt marsh species, was also affected by the wet conditions this year. *Ae. sollicitans* relies on higher saline salt marsh conditions than other salt marsh mosquito species such as *Ae. cantator*. The excess precipitation “watered” down the salt pools on the marsh and cooler, cloudier than normal conditions limited evaporation of this fresh water which also decreased salinity of these pools. The district also conducted 4 aerial larvicide operations in 2023 versus the usual 3. This species decreased in the district by 39% from 2022.

With Georgetown and nearby communities possessing large stretches of forested wetlands which could serve as a local focus of EEE and with WNV history, there will always be concern of transmission and human infection by these viruses in Georgetown and all surrounding municipalities. From July to the first hard frost, Georgetown residents should take necessary precautions to reduce the risk of infection from these viruses, regardless of low mosquito populations and/or aggressiveness of control.

A hard, or killing frost, is defined meteorologically as two consecutive hours of temperatures below 28 degrees Fahrenheit or three hours below 32 degrees. This will occur at different times for different communities, and there may even be variation within communities based on local geography. Although mosquitoes are not killed until a hard frost occurs, they are extremely unlikely to be active when temperatures fall below 50 degrees in the evening (Page 15 of the 2023 MA Arbovirus Plan listed below).

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Refer to the 2023 Massachusetts State Arbovirus Surveillance and Response Plan viewed online at <https://www.mass.gov/lists/arbovirus-surveillance-plan-and-historical-data>