



**Commonwealth of Massachusetts**  
STATE RECLAMATION AND MOSQUITO CONTROL BOARD

**NORTHEAST MASSACHUSETTS MOSQUITO CONTROL  
AND WETLANDS MANAGEMENT DISTRICT**

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**Operations**

Barry Noone: *District Director*  
Kimberly A. Foss.: *Entomologist*  
Robyn A. Januszewski: *GIS/Biologist*  
Steven Przyjemski: *Wetlands Project Coordinator*

**Commissioners**

John W. Morris, CHO: *Chair*  
Vincent J. Russo, MD, MPH: *Vice Chair*  
Paul Sevigny, RS, CHO  
Joseph T. Giarrusso, Conservation Officer  
Rosemary Decie, RS

**2023 Best Management Practice Plan  
Peabody**

**FY24 Percentage of assessment allocated to specific measures as prescribed by individual municipalities  
Best Management Practice (BMP) in the City of Peabody**

NEMMC is requesting a 3% increase above the FY2023 certified assessment for a FY2024 operational budget. During FY2023 the District reorganized allowing more technicians in the field and the district is anticipated to be at full staff this year. FY2023 allowed the opportunity to replace one of our frontline heavy equipment pieces. Due to ongoing supply shortages, the district was unable to make intended vehicle replacement purchases. Our FY2024 budget addresses funding for an increase of approximately \$84,000 for regional aerial larviciding treatments. This also includes the increased costs of materials, energy, fuel, pesticides, full staffing and two vehicle replacements. The State mandated EV First Initiative comes with a substantial cost increase when replacing vehicles. Regional environmental changes remain challenging to plan for a “normal” year of mosquito control. Often dictated by the weather, mosquito populations, additional treatment for viruses and requests from member municipalities, NEMMC will work diligently to deal with exceptional mosquito nuisance and health issues.

Assessment: As estimated by the Massachusetts Department of Revenue, Division of Local Services, in accordance with Chapter 516 of the General Laws of the Commonwealth. The assessment formula is based on a regional concept, which considers square miles and evaluation. The district offers this breakdown as a general guide to how funds are allocated specific to your community.

FY24 Estimated District Budget for the City of Peabody	\$ 90,032.00
FY24 State Reclamation and Mosquito Control Board	\$ 3,836.00
FY24 Total Estimated Assessment for the City of Peabody	\$ 93,868.00

**District Control Measures specific to Peabody**

General Operational Cost Share

Regional Adult Mosquito Surveillance Program

Regional Vector / Virus Intervention

Surveillance

Ground Larviciding

Catch Basin Treatments

Manual Ditch Maintenance

Adulticiding (**Resident and/or Board of Health requests**)

Barrier Treatment (**School officials and/or Board of Health requests**)

Ditch Maintenance / Wetlands Management

Tire Recycling Program

Property Inspections

Mosquito Habitat Mitigation

Research and Development

Education and Outreach

Social Media

**NOTE:** Any adulticiding, larviciding or treatment of catch basins for mosquito control on public school property requires a current IPM (Integrated Pest Management) Plan. We are often asked by local Boards of Health and/or athletic directors to treat ball fields and/or parks that may be owned/used by the school departments, and without an IPM plan that includes our materials we may not be able to assist.

## Board of Health Checklist for 2023

☐ **Schedule an annual Board of Health meeting/ presentation with NEMMC**

Note: meetings will only be scheduled between the dates of October 1st - June 1st

☐ **Review login information for Municipal Toolbox on NEMMC website**

Our Liaison will e-mail you the password and login (see contact below)

☐ **Update School IPMs to have all current and recently added NEMMC pesticide products**

Recently added pesticide products include Metalarv XRP and Merus 3.0

☐ **Schedule Barrier Treatment for schools, parks, and/or public areas for peak mosquito season**

Note: scheduled barrier treatments are recommended between July 15th – August 25th

☐ **Check with Department of Public Works for field access for barrier treatments once scheduled**

☐ **Notify NEMMC with Board of Health contact changes**

Work phone, cell phone, and email are required of primary and secondary contacts.

☐ **Review District Phased Response to WNV/EEE Virus Isolations in Integrated Pest and Vector Management Plan (IPVMP)**

For any questions on where to find this information, scheduling, and/or how to complete these tasks, please reach out to our Board of Health Liaison:

Barry Noone, Director/Board of Health Liaison

Cell: (978) 609-1859

Office: (978) 352- 2800 Email: [barry.noone@mass.gov](mailto:barry.noone@mass.gov)

## 2023 NEMMC Protocols for District Arboviral Events

Climate change is expected to affect the geographic and seasonal patterns of mosquito-borne diseases in the United States. The northeast is experiencing an increase in precipitation and unusually hot temperatures. Since EEE is more prevalent in wetter years and WNV in hotter years the likeness of the district experiencing EEE and/or WNV events in any given year is possible, in some years both viruses can present substantial risk. The district feels that it is beneficial to our subscribing municipalities to set prevention and response criteria preparing for both mosquito-borne viruses.

### District Prevention for WNV and EEE

- Adult mosquito surveillance and DPH virus testing
- Larviciding areas that can promote mosquito breeding including municipal catch basins
- Public notification to use personal protective measures from spring to first hard frost
- Wetlands management and stormwater maintenance
- Property inspections to larvicide standing water and remove containers holding water
- Early barrier treatments for public parks, recreation areas and schools
- Tire disposal program

### District Response for WNV and EEE

*If risk level increases for municipality but no virus in municipality:*

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Recommendation for municipality to complete barrier treatments

*If bird biting mosquitoes in municipality test positive for virus:*

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Supplemental adult mosquito trapping and additional DPH virus testing in risk areas
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Retreatment of catch basins (if WNV) in focal area
- Retreatment of hummock swamps (if EEE) in focal area

*If human biting mosquitoes in municipality test positive for virus:*

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Supplemental adult mosquito trapping and additional DPH virus testing in risk areas
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Recommendation for municipality to complete a block adulticide of focal area
- Recommendation for municipality to complete barrier treatments

*If mammal or human case of WNV or EEE in municipality:*

- Public notification to use personal protective measures
- Supplemental adult mosquito trapping and additional DPH virus testing in risk areas
- Additional larviciding of freshwater wetlands and flooded areas
- Recommendation for municipality to complete a block adulticide of focal area
- Recommendation for municipality to complete barrier treatments

## Summary of NEMMC District Operations Completed in Peabody during 2022

Date	Activity Completed
1/12/2022	Mechanized Ditch Maintenance completed- Granite Road (224 ft total)
3/3/2022	2022 Draft Best Management Plans (BMP) e-mailed to BOH for review
3/8/2022	2022 Integrated Pest and Vector Management Plan published to NEMMC website
3/19/2022	Residential Pesticide Exclusion Received (1)
3/31/2022	District-wide Zoom NEMMC BOH/DPW Mosquito Control Overview Presentation & Spring Welcome
4/14/2022	Larviciding- Country Club Road (16.0 lbs. Vectobac-G)
4/14/2022	Habitat Site Inspections (3)
4/20/2022	Hand Ditch Maintenance- Rockway Road 200 ft and 1 culvert cleared of debris
4/21/2022	Larviciding- Paul Avenue, Ross Park (3.29 lbs. Vectobac-G)
4/21/2022	Habitat Site Inspections (3)
5/6/2022	Habitat Site Inspection (1)
5/10/2022	Residential Pesticide Exclusion Received (1)
5/19/2022	Resident Request Site Inspections- Crystal Drive, Pinewood Avenue
6/9/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (2)
6/14/2022	Pools Submitted to DPH for WNV/EEE Testing- 1 NEGATIVE
6/16/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (5)
6/23/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (4)
6/30/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (17)
7/1/2022	Resident Request Site Inspection- Jayne Circle
7/7/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (10)
7/14/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (14)
7/18/2022	Catch basin larviciding- (911 Altosid WSP)
7/19/2022	Catch basin larviciding- (1,403 Altosid WSP) + West School, McCarthy (7 Vectomax WSP) + Peabody HS (26 Altosid WSP)
7/20/2022	Catch basin larviciding- (837 Altosid WSP) + South School (2 Vectomax WSP)
7/21/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (9)
7/21/2022	Catch basin larviciding- (2,022 Altosid WSP) + TF YMCA (8 Fourstar 90) + Brown, Thomas Carroll, Higgins MS, Center School (46 Altosid WSP)
7/21/2022	Catch Basins Peabody Completed = Total 5,262 (5,173 + 89 Schools)
7/28/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (9)
8/1/2022	Residential Pesticide Exclusion Received (1)
8/2/2022	Pools Submitted to DPH for WNV/EEE Testing- 1 NEGATIVE
8/4/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (16)
8/4/2022	Resident Request Site Inspection- Crystal Drive, Lantern Lane
8/11/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (8)
8/18/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (7)
8/23/2022	Pools Submitted to DPH for WNV/EEE Testing- 1 NEGATIVE
8/25/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (7)
9/1/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (8)
9/8/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (6)

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9/15/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (5)
9/22/2022	Residential Adulticiding Requests (6) cancelled
11/1-11/4/2022	Mechanized Ditch Maintenance- Jason Lane (118 feet)
10/1/2022	Adult mosquito surveillance and DPH testing concluded for the season

- **133 Residential Adulticide Service Requests, up from 48 in 2021**
- **5 Residential property inspection service requests, up from 2 in 2021**

Informing residents that they can contact the district to inspect for standing water and help identify new breeding areas can help reduce mosquito populations.

- **7 mosquito habitat site inspections**
- **Catch basin larviciding was completed on 7/21/2022: 5,262 total basins were treated (5,173 municipal + 89 school)**
- **3 Residential pesticide exclusions were filed with the district this year from Peabody**
- **542 feet of storm water ditches and 1 culvert were manually and mechanically cleared of debris**

## 2022 Peabody Mosquito & Arbovirus Surveillance Summary

There were no WNV/EEE mosquito isolations, human, or animal cases in Peabody in 2022. At the end of 2022, the arboviral risk level for Peabody remained at LOW for EEE and LOW for WNV. Risk Categories are described on pages 13, 22, 25 of the 2022 Massachusetts State Arbovirus Surveillance and Response Plan.

Massachusetts DPH assesses arboviral risk levels based on many factors including but not limited to mosquito isolations, locations of acquired veterinary and human infections, virus history locally and in bordering states, weather conditions present and predictions, and current mosquito populations and future trends.

State arbovirus risk updates: <https://www.mass.gov/info-details/massachusetts-arbovirus-update#risk-maps->

- 3 mosquito pools/batches were sent from Peabody to the MDPH lab for testing in 2022, all batches tested negative for EEE/WNV.

### Mosquito virus isolation history (WNV/EEE) in Peabody:

#### Collection

Date	Species	Test Type	Result
8/7/2017	<u>Culex pipiens</u>	WNV	Positive
8/10/2016	<u>Culex pipiens</u>	WNV	Positive
9/08/2014	<u>Culex salinarius</u>	WNV	Positive
9/08/2014	<u>Coquillettidia perturbans</u>	WNV	Positive
9/08/2014	<u>Aedes triseriatus</u>	WNV	Positive
9/17/2013	<u>Culex pipiens</u>	WNV	Positive
8/08/2012	<u>Culex pipiens/restuans</u> complex	WNV	Positive
8/22/2012	<u>Culex pipiens/restuans</u> complex	EEE	Positive
9/05/2012	<u>Culex pipiens/restuans</u> complex	EEE	Positive
9/05/2012	<u>Culex pipiens/restuans</u> complex	WNV	Positive
9/28/2011	<u>Culex pipiens/restuans</u> complex	WNV	Positive

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<b>Total Mosquitoes Collected in Peabody</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>% Change</b>
CDC CO2/Light Traps (1) - Mammal feeders/bridge vectors	30	6	-80%
Gravid Traps (1)- WNV primary vectors	28	14	-50%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>-66%</b>

<b>Mosquito Species- pest/disease list- Peabody</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>% Change</b>	<b>WNV/EEE +</b>	<b>District Total % Change 2021 to 2022</b>
<i>Culiseta melanura</i> (red maple swamp/acid bog)	0	0	-	NO	-30%
<i>Culex pipiens</i> (container/catch basins/heavy organics)	18	10	-44%	NO	14%
<i>Culex restuans</i> (container/catch basins)	4	0	-100%	NO	-68%
<i>Culex salinarius</i> (brackish water/phragmites/roadside ditches)	5	0	-100%	NO	-99%
<i>Coquillitidia perturbans</i> (cattail)	6	5	-17%	NO	41%
<i>Aedes vexans</i> (rainwater/fresh floodwater)	9	1	-89%	NO	-98%
<i>Aedes japonicus</i> (tree hole/container breeder)	7	2	-71%	NO	-19%
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i> (salt marsh)	0	0	-	NO	-68%
<i>Aedes cantator</i> (salt marsh)	0	0	-	NO	-35%
<i>Aedes canadensis</i> (snowmelt/woodland pool)	0	0	-	NO	-38%

### WNV/EEE bridge vectors/human biters

- Due to the prolonged drought event during 2022, there was a decrease in the fresh floodwater species *Ae. vexans* of 89% in Peabody. *Cx. salinarius*, a brackish water mosquito which also relies on seasonal precipitation, decreased by 100%. The cattail species *Cq. perturbans* had a slight recovery due to an increase in late summer precipitation during 2021 and showed a population increase of 17% in 2022. Only 1 batch of *Cq. perturbans* tested positive in Rowley for WNV in 2022. There were no EEE isolates in these species during 2022. Informing residents that they can contact the district to inspect for standing water and help identify new breeding areas can also reduce these populations.

### WNV primary vectors/bird biters (*Cx. pipiens/restuans*)

- There was a 114% increase in collections of WNV primary vectors from 2021 to 2022 in Peabody. There is typically an increase in these vector species during hot dry years and timely catch basin cleaning and treatments can help keep *Culex* mosquito populations in check. Only 2 batches of *Cx. pipiens* tested positive in Lynnfield and Haverhill for WNV in 2022. There were no EEE isolates in these species during 2022. Informing residents that they can contact the district to inspect for standing water and help identify new breeding areas can also reduce these populations.

### EEE primary vectors/bird biters (*Cs. melanura*)

- While 2019 was an unprecedented year for EEE statewide, due to early and sustained drought conditions and anticipatory targeted larviciding activities in the Northeast from 2020 through 2022. In 2022, the district saw a 30% decrease in *Cs. melanura* populations from 2021. It will take several years for *Cs. melanura* populations to recover from the droughts. There were no EEE isolates in these species during 2022.

## *2023 Best Management Practice Plan: Peabody*

### **Pest Status** salt marsh mosquitoes (*Ae. sollicitans*)

- *Ae. sollicitans*, a summer-fall salt marsh species, also suffered from drought conditions. With less precipitation falling on the marshes the hatches were restricted to the usual tidal flow triggers. Total salt marsh mosquito populations in the district decreased by 49% from 2021.

Due to WNV/EEE history in Peabody and surrounding communities, from July to the first hard frost, residents should take necessary precautions to reduce the risk of infection from these viruses, regardless of low mosquito populations and/or aggressiveness of control.

A hard, or killing frost, is defined meteorologically as two consecutive hours of temperatures below 28 degrees Fahrenheit or three hours below 32 degrees. This will occur at different times for different communities, and there may even be variation within communities based on local geography. Although mosquitoes are not killed until a hard frost occurs, they are extremely unlikely to be active when temperatures fall below 50 degrees in the evening (Page 15 of the 2022 MA Arbovirus Plan listed below).

Refer to the 2022 Massachusetts State Arbovirus Surveillance and Response Plan viewed online at:

<https://www.mass.gov/lists/arbovirus-surveillance-plan-and-historical-data>